

		Dance	
	EYFS	Year 1	
Vocab.	skip, jump, hop, bounce, spring, turn, stop, forwards, backwards, sideways, spin, freeze, Travel, body shapes and sizes- big, medium, small, levels- high, low, fall, curl.	Canon, improvise, mirroring, motif, travel, unison gallop, statue, near, far, in and out, on the spot, own • beginning, middle, end fast, strong, gentle	Travel, turn, jump, gestu black, blue, anger, mystu curl, leap, stretch, body shape, observe, perform
N.C. Objectives	<ul> <li>Children should be taught to perform dances using simple movement</li> </ul>	ent patterns. Use movement imaginatively, responding to stimuli, including mu	sic and performing basic s
	• Change rhythm, speed, level and direction of their movements.		
	<ul> <li>Create and perform dances using simple movement patterns, inclu</li> </ul>	ding those from different times and cultures.	
	• Express and communicate ideas and feelings.		
Key Learning/	Can perform some dance moves.	Change rhythm, speed, level and direction.	Change rhythm, speed
Evidence of working at	<ul> <li>Can explore and copy basic body actions and rhythms</li> </ul>	• Dance according to a range of stimuli (seasons, emotions etc)	• Dance with control and
the expected standard	<ul> <li>Can use their bodies to copy motifs from stories and topics e.g. animals, trees etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Copies and explores basic movements and body patterns.</li> </ul>	• Make a sequence by lin
	<ul> <li>Can begin to respond with their bodies to different types of</li> </ul>	Can remember simple movements and dance steps.	• Link some movement t
	music.	Can link movements to sound and music.	Can copy and explore I
	<ul> <li>Can begin to move around a space safely</li> </ul>	• Copies and repeats simple dance actions with some co- ordination, control and spatial awareness.	• Can vary the size of the
		<ul> <li>Make up a short dance, after watching one.</li> </ul>	Can add change of dire
		i Make up a short dance, arter watching one.	• Can use space well and
Possible			
evidence of greater	<ul> <li>Can explore and copy more complex body actions and rhythms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Copies and repeats simple dance actions confidently with control, co- ordination and spatial awareness.</li> </ul>	Can respond imaginati
depth understan	<ul> <li>Can use their bodies to copy and create motifs from stories and topics e.g. animals, trees etc.</li> </ul>	• Can create sequences of dance to a stimuli.	Can link most moveme
ding	• Can respond with their bodies to different types of music.	• Can remember more complex movements and dance steps.	• Can describe a short da
	<ul> <li>Can move around a space safely with more control.</li> </ul>		

### Year 2

sture, stillness, mood, feelings, freeze, coloursvsterious, scary, stamp, punch, push, kick, pounce, dy parts, action, motif, levels, speed, direction, rm, sink spread

c skills.

ed, level and direction with consistency.

and co-ordination.

linking sections together.

nt to show a mood or feeling.

e basic movements with clear control.

their body shapes.

lirection to sequences.

and negotiates space clearly.

atively to stimuli.

ments to show moods and feelings.

dance using appropriate vocabulary.



		Gymnastics	
	EYFS	Year 1	
Vocab.	WALK, JOG, SKIP, GALLOP, SIDE STEP, JUMP, MOBILITY, STRETCH, TALL, LONG, NARROW, STRAIGHT, SMALL, TUCK, SQUAT, CURL, WIDE, STAR , BACK, TUMMY, BOTTOM, KNEES, FEET, SHOULDERS, HANDS, TIP-TOES, GIANT STRIDES,BALANCE	MUSCLES, TIGHT, TENSION, LINKING, REPEAT, DEMONSTRATE, OBSERVE, EVALUATE, APPARATUS, REPEAT	WALK, JOG, SKIP, GALL LONG, NARROW, STRA BACK, TUMMY, BOTTO TIGHT, TENSION, LINKI
N.C. Objectives	<ul> <li>Children should develop core movement.</li> <li>Become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad</li> </ul>	d range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and co-ordination, ind	ividually and with others
Key Learning/ Evidence of	<ul> <li>Can make shapes with their bodies, according to commands (tense, curl, stretch, relax etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to work alone or with someone to make a sequence of shapes/travels</li> </ul>	• Make body tense, rel movements.
working at the expected standard	Balance on small/large body parts & understand stillness	• Can link 2-3 simple movements independently	• Perform a sequence with the sequence withes with the sequence with the sequence with the sequence wi
	<ul> <li>Can show contrast with their bodies. (tall and short, wide and narrow, small and large etc)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Climb safely, showing some shapes and balances when climbing.</li> <li>Keep balance travelling in a range of ways along bench, spots, mat etc</li> </ul>	• Be still on single/two tension & control
	<ul> <li>Climb &amp; hang safely from apparatus</li> <li>Perform basic travelling actions on various body parts.</li> </ul>	• Balances with some control.	<ul> <li>Link known shape/tra apparatus</li> </ul>
	• Can move safely in their own and general space.	<ul> <li>Roll in stretched/curled positions e.g. 'log' and 'pencil rolls' 'hedgehog ball'</li> </ul>	• Jump/land with contr
	<ul> <li>Can move and stop, recognizing both commands and acting upon them immediately.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Copies and explores basic movements with some control and co- ordination.</li> </ul>	• Can show contrast wi
		• Can perform different body shapes on the floor and using apparatus.	• Can explore and creat shapes).
		• Can use equipment safely.	• Uses equipment in a
Possible evidence of	<ul> <li>Can jump off an object and land safely.</li> </ul>	• Can link 2-3 simple movements in a pair.	• Can offer advice to of
greater depth understanding	<ul> <li>Can accurately copy simple movements</li> </ul>	• Can perform different body shapes at different levels (apparatus)	• Can begin to describe vocabulary.
		• Can balance with growing control.	• Can begin to copy and these to create their

#### Year 2

### LLOP, SIDE STEP, JUMP, MOBILITY, STRETCH, TALL, RAIGHT, SMALL, TUCK, SQUAT, CURL, WIDE, STAR, TOM, KNEES, FEET, SHOULDERS, HANDS, MUSCLES, IKING, REPEAT, DEMONSTRATE, OBSERVE, EVALUATE

ers.

relaxed, curled and stretched, in a range of

ce with changes in speed & direction including 3 sometimes giving advice to others)

vo + points of contact on floor/apparatus showing

'travel/roll/jump to a balance using floor & on

ntrol using different body shapes in flight.

with their bodies using a range of movements.

eate different pathways and patterns (create

a variety of ways to create a sequence.

others on how to improve their sequence.

ibe their own work sing simple gymnastics

and remember a variety of movements and use ir own sequence.



		KS1- Invasion Games	
	EYFS Invasion Games	Year 1 Invasion Games	
Voacab.	Balance, Space, Ball, Hand, Foot, Throw,	Balance, Space, Ball, Hand, Foot, Throw, Bounce, direction, straight, attack, defend, travel, pass	Balance, Space, Ball, H attack, defend, travel, Catching, dodge/dodg marking, overhead, pc
N.C. Objectives	• Pupils should participate in team games, developing simple tactics for a	ttacking and defending.	
Key Learning/ Evidence of working at the expected standard	To be able to move using suitable spaces and speed and stop confidently, negotiating the space around them effectively. Show good control over their bodies when exploring different skills. Send & receive a ball by rolling from hand & striking with foot Start to show an ability to use their dominant hand Aim & throw object underarm Catch balloon/bean bag/scarf & sometimes a bouncing ball successfully Play a passing & target game alone and with a partner Explore and use skills effectively for particular games: roll a ball or hoop, throw a ball underarm, and explore balancing.	Throw underarm, bounce & catch ball by self & with partner Kick/stop a ball using a confident foot while static Run straight and on a curve and sidestep with correct technique Begin to develop hand/eye co-ordination. Can participate in simple games following rules.	Perform some dribblin Pass a ball accurately ( range of ways to a tea Combine stopping, pic players. Make simple decisions receive a ball. Develop strong spatial Beginning to develop o Understand the impor
Possible evidence of greater depth understan ding	Can throw a ball underarm with growing accuracy Can balance in various positions with control Consistently shows the ability to use dominate hand Can use prior leaning to help decide which technique is best to use in different situations (longer distance- overarm throw) Can consistently catch successfully	Beginning to kick/stop a ball using a confident foot while travelling. Has increasing accuracy when attempting to hit a target. Can use a range of throws with accuracy.	Make decisions about ball which will have an Can understand the di Develop simple tactics Beginning to show a cl (e.g. moving quickly w when defending)

#### Year 2 Invasion Games

Hand, Foot, Throw, Bounce, direction, straight, el, pass

dging, dribble/dribbling, intercept, invasion, possession, receive, space, underarm

ling skills with hands and feet using space.

y (hands & feet) over longer distances and in a eam-mate.

bick up/collect & send a ball accurately to other

ns about when /where to move in game to

ial awareness.

p own games with peers.

ortance of rules in games.

ut when /where to move in game to receive a an effect on the game.

difference between attacking and defending.

ics and use them appropriately

change of tactic for attacking and defending when attacking but slowing opponent down



		Striking and Fielding Games	
	EYFS Striking & Fielding Games	Year 1 Striking & Fielding Games	Str
Vocab.	hit, catch, run, space, aim, throw, bounce,	strike, field, distance, fielder, throw, carry, Space, Safe, Stopping, Awareness, Control, Direction, Tracking, Aiming, underarm, Sending, Receiving	Awareness, Control, B Tracking, Sending, Rec throwing
N.C. Objectiv es	• Pupils should participate in team games, developing simple taction	cs for attacking and defending	
Key Learning/ Evidence of working at the expected standard	<ul> <li>Aim &amp; throw object underarm.</li> <li>Catch balloon/bean bag/scarf &amp; sometimes a bouncing ball.</li> <li>Use hand to strike a bean bag or ball and move towards a scoring area.</li> <li>Begin to use a bat to hit a ball or bean bag.</li> <li>Can demonstrate good control and co-ordination in large and small movement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Show some different ways of hitting, throwing and striking a ball</li> <li>Hit a ball or bean bag and move quickly to score a range of points (further distance scores more points)</li> <li>Play as a fielder in a simple game and get the ball back to a STOP ZONE</li> <li>Begin to follow some simple rules (carrying the bat, not over taking someone)</li> <li>Can pass and receive a ball in different ways with control.</li> <li>Can perform fielding techniques with increased control and co-ordination.</li> <li>Understands the basic role of a fielder.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Send a ball off a tee/</li> <li>Play two types of gar hoops or forwards ar</li> <li>Play a range of game</li> <li>Stop moving when th</li> <li>Play as a fielder and prunner stop</li> <li>Follow rules for a striovertake, run around</li> <li>Pass and receive a baaccuracy.</li> </ul>
Possible evidence of greater depth understan ding	<ul> <li>Can aim &amp; throw objects underarm with increasing accuracy.</li> <li>Can catch balloon/bean bag/scarf and a bouncing ball with increasing success.</li> <li>Can use equipment to strike a bean bag or ball and move towards a scoring area.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can pass and receive a ball in different ways with control and increased accuracy.</li> <li>Understands the role of a fielder knowing where best to throw the ball in different situations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can choose, use and</li> <li>Can recognize good of</li> <li>Can use information</li> <li>Can create a game the</li> </ul>

### Year 2 triking & Fielding Games

Balance, Space, Scanning, Awareness, Rolling, eceiving, Aiming, Underarm throwing, Overarm

- e/cone using a bat or a racket
- ames to score: running around a series of hula and backwards between hula hoops
- nes creating a points system
- the 'bowler' has the ball
- d pass the ball back to the bowler to make the
- triking and fielding game (carry the bat, don't nd the outside of the hula hoops)
- ball in different ways with control and increased
- d vary simple tactics.
- d quality in performance.
- on to improve their work.
- that uses different point scoring systems



		Athletics Running/Throwing/Jumping	
	EYFS	Year 1	
Vocab.	run, throw, catch, speed, jump, stop, start	run, throw, catch, speed, jump, stop, start, footwork, distance,	run, throw, catch, speed technique, obstacle, hur
N.C. Objectiv es		g how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and so own success. They should enjoy collaborating with each other (relays etc) ng in isolation and in combination.	equences of movement.
Key Learning Evidence of working at the expected standard	<ul> <li>Can vary running speeds based on commands with control.</li> <li>Show an awareness of space and move around safely.</li> <li>Can learn skills of running with some control – e.g. stop and start safely.</li> <li>Can jump, taking off from two feet, with some control.</li> <li>Can throw using a range of equipment</li> <li>Can use comparative language e.g. faster, longer and demonstrate this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can run in a coordinated &amp; fluent way.</li> <li>Can run at different speeds, with control, for short &amp; longer durations.</li> <li>Can perform a variety of throws with basic control.</li> <li>Can throw a range of different throwing implements.</li> <li>Can throw in a coordinated way for increasing accuracy.</li> <li>Can take off &amp; land in a coordinated &amp; more controlled way.</li> <li>Can jump from a standing position.</li> <li>Can jump in a variety of different ways.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Run with agility and con</li> <li>Hurdle an obstacle and</li> <li>Run for distance.</li> <li>Can change speed and</li> <li>Complete an obstacle of</li> <li>Can apply different jum</li> <li>Can link a variety of different jum and land from</li> <li>Throw different objects</li> <li>Can perform a variety of</li> </ul>
Possible evidence of greater depth understan ding	<ul> <li>Can learn skills of running with increasing control</li> <li>Can jump, taking off from one foot, with some control.</li> <li>Can throw using a range of equipment with some accuracy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can jump from a standing position and land with control.</li> <li>Can perform a variety of throws with increasing control.</li> <li>Can run with a range of speed in a coordinated &amp; fluent way.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can hurdle an obstacle</li> <li>Complete an obstacle c</li> <li>Can link movements in</li> <li>Beginning to perform reaccuracy.</li> </ul>

ed, jump, stop, start, footwork, distance, agility, urdle,

confidence.

nd maintain effective running style.

nd direction whilst running.

e course with control and agility.

umping techniques best for distance.

different jumps together

om a standing position with accuracy.

cts in a variety of ways.

of throws with control and co-ordination.

afely.

le and maintain effective running style.

e course with control and agility.

in a coordinated & controlled way.

running jumps with a degree of control and



Evaluation (How it could look)		
EYFS	Year 1	
Simply show (using strategies) whether they enjoyed something or not.	Can comment on their own and others perf Can give comments on how to improve per Use appropriate vocabulary when giving f	

formances. rformance. feedback.



		Dance		
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Vocab.	Link, motif, flow, dynamics, rhythm, expression, spatial pattern, timing, unison canon, repetition, push, pull, lift, turn, screw, press, rotate, jerk, swing, circle, shake.	Travel, jump, gesture, stillness, movement, action, character, describe, analyse, interpret, evaluate, communicate, unison, canon, mirror, match, repetition, mood, level, speed, direction, pathway, pose, dynamic, pivot, rotate, direction, speed, control, timing, rhythm.	Travel, turn, jump, gesture, stillness, balance, control, body posture, body tension, motif, phrase, accompaniment, timing, rhythm, crotchet, quaver, beat/count.	Travel, t characte directior phrase, s
N.C. Objectives	• Children should be taught to create dances using	a range of movement patterns, including those from c	lifferent times, place and cultures and to respond to	a range o
	• Through dance, develop flexibility, strength, techr	nique, control and balance.		
	• Perform dances using a range of movement patte	rns.		
Key Learning/	<ul> <li>Perform pair/group dance involving canon &amp; unison, meet &amp; part</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Respond imaginatively to stimuli related to character/music/story</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Show/fluency/control in chosen dances in response to stimuli</li> </ul>	• Create consist
Evidence of working at the	• Respond to music in time & rhythm to show like/unlike actions	• Demonstrating precision and some control in response to stimuli.	<ul> <li>Perform fluent dances with characteristics of different styles/eras</li> </ul>	• Be awa & can c
expected standard	<ul> <li>Respond to music to express a variety of moods &amp; feelings</li> <li>Can translate ideas from stimuli into movement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform clear &amp; fluent dances that show sensitivity to idea/stimuli</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adapt &amp; refine(in pair/group), dances that vary direction, space &amp; rhythm</li> <li>Starts to combine flexibility, techniques and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use apperform</li> <li>Combine</li> </ul>
	with support.	• Make up dance within a small group	movements to create a fluent sequence.	create
	<ul> <li>Beginning to compare and adapt movements and motifs to create a larger sequence.</li> <li>Uses simple dance vocabulary to compare and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to create longer dance sequences in a small group.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrates strong movements throughout a dance sequence.</li> </ul>	• Moves
	improve work	<ul> <li>Beginning to vary dynamics and develop actions and motifs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moves appropriately and with the required style in relation to the stimulus e.g. using various</li> </ul>	• Exagge express
		• Demonstrates rhythm and spatial awareness.	levels, ways of travelling and motifs.	<ul> <li>Perform patterm</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Uses simple dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to exaggerate dance movements and motifs (using expression when moving).</li> </ul>	• Demor
			<ul> <li>Beginning to show a change of pace and timing in their movements.</li> </ul>	• Modifie
			<ul> <li>Modifies parts of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation.</li> </ul>	• Moves relation
				of trave

#### Year 6

l, turn, jump, gesture, stillness, language of dance, cter, expression, timing, space, dynamics, ion, evaluate, observe, stimuli, motif, dance e, structure, compositional elements, formations.

of stimuli and accompaniment.

- te & perform dances in a variety of styles istently
- ware of & use musical structure, rhythm & mood n dance accordingly
- appropriate criteria & terminology to evaluate ormances
- bines flexibility, techniques and movements to te a fluent sequence.
- es to the beat accurately in dance sequences.
- gerate dance movements and motifs (using ession when moving).
- orms with confidence, using a range of movement erns.
- onstrates strong movements throughout a dance lence.
- lifies parts of a sequence as a result of self and evaluation.
- es appropriately and with the required style in ion to the stimulus e.g. using various levels, ways avelling and motifs.



				• Shows a moveme
				• Dances ensuring
				• Uses mo improve
Possible evidence of greater depth understanding	<ul> <li>Beginning to improvise independently to create a simple dance.</li> <li>Beginning to improvise with a partner to create a simple dance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can confidently improvise with a partner or on their own work.</li> <li>Modifies parts of a sequence as a result of self- evaluation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses the space provided to maximum potential.</li> <li>Improvises with some confidence, still demonstrating fluency across their sequence.</li> <li>Uses more complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improvis fluency a</li> <li>Demons dance se</li> <li>Demons</li> </ul>
				dance se

s a clear change of pace and timing in their ments.

es with fluency, linking all movements and ing they flow.

more complex dance vocabulary to compare and ve work.

vises with clear confidence, demonstrating y across their sequence.

nstrates consistent precision when performing sequences.

nstrates a strong imagination when creating own sequences and motifs.



### Gymnastics

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Vocab.	STRAIGHT, TUCK, STAR, PIKE, STRADDLE, LEVELS, HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW, RIGHT ANGLE TENSION, SEQUENCE, ROUTINE, REPEAT, TRANSITION, FLOW,	STRAIGHT, TUCK, STAR, PIKE, STRADDLE, LEVELS, HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW, RIGHT ANGLE TENSION, EXTENSION, INVERTED, CONTRASTING LINK, SEQUENCE, ROUTINE, REPEAT, TRANSITION, FLOW, DEMONSTRATE, OBSERVE, EVALUATE	STRAIGHT, TUCK, STAR, PIKE, STRADDLE, LEVELS, HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW, BASE OF SUPPORT, TENSION, EXTENSION, ASSISTED, COMPLEX, CONTRASTING LINK, SEQUENCE, ROUTINE, REPEAT, TRANSITION, FLOW, DEMONSTRATE, OBSERVE, EVALUATE	ST BA CC TR
N.C. Objectives	Pupils should be taught to develop flexibility, strength, technique, contro	l I and balance.		
Key Learning/	<ul> <li>Use a greater number of own ideas for movement in response to a task.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create &amp; perform matching/mirroring sequences explaining how it could be improved</li> </ul>	Can select and combine their skills, techniques and ideas with others identifying strengths and weaknesses.	•
Evidence of working at the	• Can apply compositional ideas independently and with others to create a sequence.	<ul> <li>Perform at least 3 different rolls (shoulder, forward, back) with some control</li> </ul>	Consistently showing precision, control and fluency.	•
expected standard	• Can copy, explore and remember a variety of movements and uses these to create their own sequence.	<ul> <li>Links skills (rolls, travel, balance) with control, technique, co-ordination and fluency using floor and apparatus.</li> </ul>	Include change of speed, direction and shape in movements.	•
	Begins to notice similarities and differences between sequences.	<ul> <li>Creates sequences using various body shapes and equipment using at least 3 different rolls</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow a set of 'rules' to produce a sequence, possibly made by peers.</li> <li>Create mirror/matching/cannon( pair) sequence varying dynamics/levels/direction etc.</li> </ul>	• (
	<ul> <li>Combines arm actions with skips/leaps/steps/jumps &amp; spins in travel</li> <li>Knows principles of balance and apply them on floor &amp; apparatus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begins to use gymnastics vocabulary to describe how to improve and refine their own and their peer's performances.</li> </ul>	Uses more complex gymnastics vocabulary to describe how to improve	• 1
	Uses turns whilst travelling in a variety of ways.		<ul><li>and refine performances.</li><li>Links skills with control, technique, co-ordination, fluency, change of</li></ul>	•
	<ul> <li>Begins to develop good technique when travelling, balancing, using equipment etc.</li> </ul>		speed and direction.	•
	Can describe their own work using simple gymnastics vocabulary.			•
				•
Possible	Can evaluate similarities and differences between sequences.	Understands composition performing more complex sequences.	Analyse and comment on skills and techniques and how these are	i
evidence of greater	• Shows flexibility in movements.	<ul> <li>Is developing strength, technique and flexibility throughout performances</li> </ul>	applied in their own and others' work.	
depth understan ding	<ul> <li>Develops good technique when travelling, balancing, using equipment etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Performances.</li> <li>Uses gymnastics vocabulary to describe how to improve and refine their own and their peer's performances.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands composition by performing more complex sequences.</li> <li>Draw on what they know about strategy, tactics and composition when performing and evaluating.</li> </ul>	•

#### Year 6

STRAIGHT, TUCK, STAR, PIKE, STRADDLE, LEVELS, HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW, BASE OF SUPPORT, TENSION, EXTENSION, ASSISTED, COMPLEX, CONTRASTING LINK, SEQUENCE, MATCHING, ROUTINE, REPEAT, TRANSITION, FLOW, DEMONSTRATE, OBSERVE, EVALUATE

 Select a suitable routine to perform to different audiences, bearing in mind *who* the audience is and explain why.

 Plan and perform with precision, control and fluency, a movement sequence showing a wide range of actions including variations in speed, levels and directions.

• Adapts sequences to include a partner or small group.

 Gradually increases the length of sequence work with a partner to make up a short sequence using the floor, mats and apparatus, showing consistency, fluency and clarity of movement.

• Perform 6-8 part floor sequence as individual, pair & small group to a piece of music

• Demonstrate 3 paired balances in sequence using various skills/actions

 Draw on what they know about strategy, tactics and composition when performing and evaluating.

• Develops strength, technique and flexibility throughout performances.

• Uses more complex gymnastics vocabulary to describe how to improve and refine.

• Analyse and comment on skills and techniques and how these are applied in their own and others' work.

• Performs difficult actions, with an emphasis on extension, clear body shape and changes in direction.



### KS2- Invasion Games- Netball/Bench ball

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Vocab.	Pivot/pivoting, possession, man-to-man marking, mark/marking, overhead, attack, defend, bounce pass, chest pass, intercept	Pivot/pivoting, possession, man-to-man marking, mark/marking, overhead, attack, defend, bounce pass, chest pass, intercept, feigning, invasion, sidestepping, strategy	Pivot/pivoting, possession, man-to-man marking, mark/marking, overhead, attack, defend, bounce pass, chest pass, intercept, feigning, invasion, sidestepping, strategy, tactics	Pivo over feigr
N.C. Objectives	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games, modified when	e appropriate, such as netball and benchball and apply basic principles suitable	e for attacking and defending.	
Key Learning/ Evidence of	Use of first steps netball (4 a side C GA GS GK) over 1/3 of a netball court)	Use of first steps netball (4 a side C GA GS GK) over 1/3 of a netball court)	Use of High Five netball (5 a side C GA GA GS GK) over a whole netball court	Use netb
working at the	<ul> <li>Make a series of passes to teammates moving towards a scoring area.</li> </ul>	• Use a chest pass and shoulder pass to support team in scoring.	Use all three passes (chest, shoulder & bounce) correctly.	• Kr
expected standard	<ul> <li>Show some signs of using a chest pass and shoulder pass.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make decisions regarding which is the best type of pass to use (e.g. a shoulder pass when playing over an opponent)</li> </ul>	• Use a range of speeds within a game to support a team in scoring.	• Us ba
	• Can begin to use a bounce pass with enough control for the ball to only bounce once before reaching the receiver.	• Use a bounce pass, which only bounces once.	<ul> <li>Begin to use square (across the court) &amp; straight (up &amp; down the court) passes to achieve pace.</li> </ul>	• Ur a t
	• Show a target to indicate where I'd like to pass to.	Identify space to move into and show a clear target to receive a pass.	<ul><li>Lose a defender to receive a pass.</li><li>To understand how to make space by moving away and coming</li></ul>	• Us
	• Know where space is and try to move into it.	<ul> <li>Can mark another player using different marking techniques (man- marking, zonal marking) and begin to attempt interceptions.</li> </ul>	back and by dodging.	• Dr
	Can use different speeds to exploit space.	Know where positions are allowed on a court.	• Can demonstrate a range of defending skills and understand how to mark an opponent.	• Po int
	Mark another player and defend when needed.	Continue to learn how to shoot.	• Defend a player and make some successful interceptions (snatch & catch) when playing as a team.	• Sh
	Can effectively communicate with teammates		<ul> <li>Has developed an understanding and knowledge of the basic footwork rule of netball.</li> </ul>	
	Begin to learn how to shoot.		<ul> <li>Uses good hand/eye co-ordination to receive a ball successfully.</li> <li>To understand the different positions in a netball team (five-a-side).</li> </ul>	
			Shoot with increasing accuracy	
Possible evidence of	Begins to use space in order to receive a pass	<ul> <li>Can choose when the best time to attempt intercept the ball or mark a player.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To develop skills in the range of passes – chest pass, overhead pass, bounce pass and to understand which pass to use depending</li> </ul>	• Ca
greater depth	• Choses the correct pass to use in game situations (e.g. a shoulder pass when playing over an opponent)	Can use a bounce pass ensuring it only bounces once before reaching the	on the distance the ball needs to travel.	• Ca
understanding	• Can use different range of defending techniques (man-marking,	receiver.	<ul> <li>Understands when to use square (across the court) &amp; straight (up &amp; down the court) passes to achieve pace.</li> </ul>	• Sh for
	zonal marking)	<ul> <li>Can begin to develop an understanding of the basic footwork rule of netball.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Has control over footwork and can apply the footwork rules of netball</li> </ul>	
		• Beginning to understand the importance of movement to receive a pass.		

#### Year 6

ivot/pivoting, possession, man-to-man marking, mark/marking, verhead, attack, defend, bounce pass, chest pass, intercept, eigning, invasion, sidestepping, strategy, and tactics, shadowing,

se of High Five netball (5 a side C GA GA GS GK) over a whole etball court

Know which pass is best to use and when in a game.

- Use a range of square & straight passes to change direction of the ball.
- Understand the importance of their movement to create space for a teammate.
- Use landing foot to change direction to lose a defender.
- Draw defender away to create space for self or team.
- Position body to defend effectively, making successful interceptions.
- Shoot accurately

Can offer improvements to a team mate within a game situation.

Can analyse and evaluate a performance to improve

Shows an understanding of each position on the court and its role for the team.



		KS2- Invasion G	ames-Football
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Vocab.	Possession, passing, receiving, marking, block, tactics, strategy, defend, intercept, dribbling, turn, trap, control, man-marking, zonal marking, stop turn	Possession, passing, receiving, marking, block, tactics, strategy, defend, intercept, dribbling, turn, trap, control, man-marking, zonal marking, side foot, laces, drag back	Possession, passing, receiving, marking, block, tactics, strategy, defend, intercept, dribbling, turn, trap, control, man-marking, zonal marking, side foot, laces, step over
N.C. Objectives	Pupils should be taught to play competitive games of football and appl	ly basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	
Key Learning/ Evidence of working at the expected standard	<ul> <li>Begin to dribble a ball with control in different directions</li> <li>Begin to pass to a member of their team</li> <li>Can keep a stationary football under control.</li> <li>Can control a moving football keeping the ball relatively close to themselves.</li> <li>Can identify where space is and try to move in it with a ball.</li> <li>Can begin to identify where space is and try to move in it to receive a pass.</li> <li>Mark another player and defend when needed.</li> <li>Can begin to make tackle in order to regain possession.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dribble at pace, in a straight line, keeping the ball under control.</li> <li>Can pass, with more accuracy, to a member of their team using their inside foot and laces.</li> <li>Can keep a ball under control, using their feet, when receiving a range of passes from team.</li> <li>Begins to understand the importance of space and can move into it to receive a pass or create space for a teammate.</li> <li>Begin to understand the different ways of marking another player (man marking, marking space) and begin to attempt interceptions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can dribble, in different directions, ranging in speeds and keeping the ball under control.</li> <li>Can pass, with accuracy, to a member of their team using the inside foot and laces.</li> <li>Keep a ball under control, using a range of body parts (feet, chest, and thigh) when receiving a range of passes from team judging which one to use depending on the flight of the ball.</li> <li>Understand the different ways of marking another player (man marking, marking space) and makes tackles successfully.</li> <li>Can dribble, in a straight line, ranging in speeds, keeping the ball under control.</li> <li>Can use different techniques to lose a defender to receive a pass. (pace, movement)</li> </ul>
Possible evidence of greater depth understanding	<ul> <li>Can dribble a football with control.</li> <li>Can accurately make a pass to a team mate.</li> <li>Can use space to create goal scoring opportunities for themselves or a team mate.</li> <li>Can begin to use a range of means to regain possession (tackle, interception)</li> <li>Can control a moving pall wit much more control keeping the ball close to their body.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Keep a ball under control, using a range of body parts (feet, chest, and thigh) when receiving a range of passes from team.</li> <li>Can understand the importance of space and can move into it to receive a pass or create space for a team mate.</li> <li>Understands the different marking techniques and use the effectively in a game situation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands the importance of space and can move into it to receive a pass or create space for a teammate.</li> <li>Beginning to dribble in different directions, at pace, keeping close control of the football</li> <li>Can begin to use a range of passes to a team mate (lofted, along the ground).</li> <li>Beginning to understand the importance of passing to a team mate in order to create a chance to score.</li> <li>Beginning to understand the importance of pace and movement in order to create chances to score a goal</li> </ul>

Possession, passing, receiving, marking, block, tactics, strategy, defend, intercept, dribbling, turn, trap, control, man-marking, zonal marking, side foot, laces, Cryuff, analyse, improve, Step-over, drag back

• Can dribble in different directions, at pace, keeping close control of the football to beat defenders. • Can begin to use a range of passes to a teammate (lofted, along the ground). Uses a range of passes (loft, ground) to teammates and can make a decision of when the best time to use one is. • Can use a range of ways to keep a ball under control (foot, knee, head, and knowing which one due to where ball is coming from) when under pressure from a defender. • Know how space changes within a game and when and how to move into changing spaces. • Can draw a defender away to create space. • Can position body to defend effectively, making successful interceptions and tackles. • Can use a trick when dribbling to beat a defender. • Can develop an understanding and importance of each position on the pitch. • Can offer improvements to a team mate within a game situation. • Can analyse and evaluate a performance to improve.



	KS2- Invasion Games- Rugby			
	Year 3 Invasion Games- Rugby	Year 4 Invasion Games- Rugby	Year 5 Invasion Game- Rugby	
Vocab.	Attacker, defending, position, pass, tagging, try, non- contact	Attacker, Backward Pass, Defender tag, try, non-contact, w-grip, dodge, intercept	Attacker, Backward Pass, Defender tag, try, non-contact, w-grip, offside, side step, dodge, intercept	Attack offside
N.C. Objective s	• Pupils should be taught to play competitive games of r	ugby and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and de	l efending.	
Key Learning/ Evidence of working at the expected standard	<ul> <li>Can begin to move into space holding a rugby ball with control.</li> <li>Beginning to show understanding and demonstrates where to score a try and how to position the ball to score a try.</li> <li>Beginning to move into spaces to avoid defenders.</li> <li>Can make a backward pass to teammates, using the direction most comfortable.</li> <li>Beginning to understand the basic rules of tag rugby</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tag the person who has the ball, but can mark a player who does not have the ball</li> <li>Begin to make a high pop pass to avoid a defender</li> <li>Change direction at speed with the ball in hand.</li> <li>Can move at speed (and change of) with the ball and without.</li> <li>Can use speed, space and movement to avoid defenders.</li> <li>Can pass backwards and in both directions and sometimes on the move.</li> <li>Understand the rules of the game and apply them honestly most of the time.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be able to evade and tag opponents.</li> <li>Be able to pass and receive a pass under pressure.</li> <li>Be able to pass and receive a pass at speed in a game situation.</li> <li>Develop tactics as a team.</li> <li>Communicate with a team and move into space to keep possession and score.</li> <li>Tag opponents and close down space.</li> <li>Know what position I am playing in and how to contribute when attacking and defending.</li> <li>Understand there are different skills for different game situations and begin to apply them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Run a</li> <li>Play a</li> <li>Score</li> <li>Supp</li> <li>Creat</li> <li>Pass a press</li> <li>Selec decis</li> <li>Tag o</li> <li>Use f</li> <li>Use t fairly</li> </ul>
				• Work
Possible evidence of greater depth understan	<ul> <li>Can move into space holding a rugby ball with control.</li> <li>Shows understanding and demonstrates where to score a try and how to position the ball to score a try.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can pass backwards in both directions on the move</li> <li>Tag the person who has the ball and can mark a player who doesn't have the ball.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can begin to identify when I was successful and what I need to do to improve.</li> <li>I can begin to use feedback provided to improve my work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can evaluation</li> <li>I recodevel</li> </ul>
ding	<ul> <li>Moves into spaces to avoid defenders.</li> <li>Understand the basic rules of tag rugby.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to pass a ball at different speeds to vary attacks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I understand the need for tactics and can identify when to use them in different situations.</li> <li>I understand there are different skills for different situations and I can to apply this.</li> </ul>	• I undo this h

#### Year 6 Invasion Games- Rugby

cker, Backward Pass, Defender tag, try, non-contact, w-grip, de, side step, dodge, intercept, feigning

- at speed, changing direction to evade and tag opponents.
- y effectively in attack and defence
- re points against opposition
- port player with the ball
- ate and use space to help the team.
- ass and receive the ball with increasing control under essure.
- ect the appropriate action for the situation and make this is is is in quickly.
- opponents individually and when working within a unit.
- e feedback provided to improve the quality of my work.
- e the rules of the game consistently to play honestly and ly.
- rk in collaboration with others so that games run smoothly.
- an work collaboratively to create tactics with my team and aluate the effectiveness of these.
- cognise my own and others' strengths and areas for velopment and can suggest ways to improve.
- nderstand that there are different areas of fitness and how shelps me in different activities.



### Net and Wall Games Tennis/Badminton/Table Tennis

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Vocab.	forehand, backhand, volley, overhead, rally, singles, doubles	court, target, net striking, hitting, defending, tactics, points	forehand, backhand, volley, overhead, rally, singles, doubles, court, target, net striking, hitting, defending, tactics, points, using width, using depth,
N.C. Objectives	• Pupils should be taught to play competitive games of badminton, tennis and table tennis and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending		
Key Learning/ Evidence of	Can tap the ball off racket (tapping it to the ground, tapping it up off the racket, tapping it up with one bounce etc) with some success.	<ul> <li>Can tap the ball back and forth to a partner over a small space</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can develop different hitting techniques (backhand, forehand, slice shot)</li> </ul>
working at the expected	• Can tap the ball back and forth to partner with some	<ul> <li>Can tap a ball over a net allowing for a bounce, hit technique</li> </ul>	Can develop stance for different situation.
standard	<ul> <li>control.</li> <li>Can demonstrate standing in a ready position holding racket correctly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can move from a ready position into a forehand position/backhand position quickly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can move towards the ball from 'ready' position choosing either forehand or backhand depending on where the ball is</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Can change from a ready position before tapping the ball to a partner</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can bring racket to meet the ball for a forehand and backhand hit with some success.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can set racket back in its ready position quickly upon recovery</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Begin to know what it means by a forehand and backhand position.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knows to use two hands for an effective backhand</li> <li>Moves racket in a low to high swing for an effective tap</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can demonstrate the correct swing technique when hitting the ball over a net sometimes showing control over the hit.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Begin to attempt to serve the tennis ball straight from hands, sometimes using one bounce if needed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can serve the ball straight from hands with increasing accuracy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can serve the ball correctly beginning to purposely aim for space to score.</li> </ul>
Possible evidence of greater	<ul> <li>Can tap the ball off racket (tapping it to the ground, tapping it up off the racket, tapping it up with one bounce etc) with increasing success.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can serve the ball straight from hands to racket making sure it lands 'in' on the other side.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can begin to add power and slice for different situations</li> </ul>
depth understandin g	<ul> <li>Can tap the ball back and forth to partner with increasing control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can bring racket to meet the ball for a forehand and backhand hit with increasing success.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to develop a range of shots for attacking and defending</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Can demonstrate and use a forehand and backhand position.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can tap the ball back and forth to a partner over a small space with increasing accuracy and control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to use different shots to set up attacking situations</li> </ul>
	• Can serve the tennis ball straight from hands, sometimes	• Can begin to analyse technique and offer improvements.	<ul> <li>Beginning to use a swerve as a way of supporting their tactics</li> </ul>
	using one bounce if needed with some accuracy and control.	<ul> <li>Can begin to analyse others performance and identify their strengths and weaknesses.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to identify weaknesses in opponents and using this to their advantage.</li> </ul>

### Year 6

using width, using depth, changing direction, changing speed, defending court, covering court and partner

- Can turn and run to the ball getting into a forehand or backhand position en route
- Can use 'move-hit-recover' approach within a game showing facing forward on recovery
- Can show a range of grips when demonstrating a backhand (continental, chopper, hammer grip).
- Can use the correct swing technique and control with smooth swings keeping the path of the racket the same
- Beginning to serve the ball accurately making opponents have to move to send it back
- Can serve the ball accurately making opponents have to move to send it back.
- Can show a range of grips when demonstrating a backhand (continental, chopper, hammer grip) sometimes changing between.
- Can set up attacks using a range of different shots.
- Can turn a defence into an attack using a range of different shots.



	Swimming and Water Safety	
	Year 5	
Vocab.	stroke, aerobic, back crawl, backstroke, breaststroke, freestyle, dolphin, length,	
N.C. Objectives	• Pupils should be taught to swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 m.	
	• To use a range of strokes effectively (EG: front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke)	
	Perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.	
Key Learning/ Evidence of working at the expected standard	<ul> <li>Understands basic pool safety skills and confidence in water.</li> <li>Understands how to travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.</li> <li>Can push and glide, any kick action on front and back with or without support aids.</li> <li>Starting to develop entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge.</li> <li>Shows a confidence in deeper water</li> <li>Can tread water</li> <li>Can swim a distance of at least 25m using a range of strokes.</li> <li>Can perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.</li> </ul>	
Possible evidence of greater depth understanding	<ul> <li>Can develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke</li> <li>Can show breathe control</li> <li>Shows confidence and speed in a range of strokes, swimming for longer distances.</li> </ul>	





	Athletics Running/Throwing/Jumping				
	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		
Vocab.		leg, take-off, track,	Field event, flight, hurdle, long jump, triple jump, lead- leg, take-off, track, crouch start, landing, pull throw, push throw, standing start, standing vertical jump,	bato stride	
N.C. Objectives Key	<ul> <li>Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader rate</li> <li>They should enjoy communicating, collaborating, compet</li> <li>Pupils should be taught to use running, jumping, throwing</li> <li>Can use a range of running techniques for different</li> </ul>	ing with each other and evaluating their own success.	to link them to make actions and sequences of movement.  • Use correct technique to run at speed.	•	
Key Learning Evidence of working at the expected standard	<ul> <li>Can use a range of running techniques for different distances.</li> <li>Can use a range of throwing techniques, javelin and chest push, with a range of control and accuracy.</li> <li>Can use different jumping techniques for different events (vertical jump, long jump)</li> <li>Can jump with coordination &amp; control</li> <li>Understands the relay and passing the baton</li> <li>Compete in a mini competition, recording scores.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>distances.</li> <li>Demonstrates good running technique in a competitive situation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Has developed the ability to run for distance.</li> <li>Identify and apply techniques of relay running.</li> <li>Beginning to build a variety of running techniques and with increasing independence, use with confidence.</li> <li>Demonstrates good accuracy and confidence in throwin and catching activities.</li> <li>Learn how to use skills to improve the distance of a pull throw (javelin).</li> <li>Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.</li> <li>Can perform a running jump with more than one component e.g. hop, skip and jump (triple jump).</li> <li>Demonstrate good techniques in a competitive situation Can describes good athletic performance using the correct vocabulary.</li> </ul>		

ton exchange, changeover zone, down sweep, relay, ide pattern, sprint, pacing, trail leg

- Investigate running styles and changes of speed.
- Has built a variety of running techniques and independently, can use them with confidence.
- Demonstrates good running technique in a competitive situation.
- Can perform a range of running jumps with more than one component e.g. long jump and triple jump.
- Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.
- Demonstrates a high level of accuracy and confidence in throwing and catching activities.
- Throws safely and with understanding.
- Records peers' performances and can evaluate these.
- Describes good athletic performance using the correct vocabulary.
- Utilises all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.



Possible evidence of greater depth understand ing	<ul> <li>Can perform a running jump with increasing accuracy.</li> <li>Can run at speeds appropriate for the distance.</li> <li>Can perform a variety of throws with increasing accuracy and distance</li> <li>Can set up equipment safely</li> <li>Can demonstrate a controlled technique for a range of throws</li> <li>Can set up a competition and create a scoring system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can explore different footwear patterns in particularly for triple jump.</li> <li>Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.</li> <li>Can pass &amp; receive the baton with increasing success</li> <li>Can perform a running jump with more than one component e.g. hop and jump (triple jump).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to build a variety of running techniques and with increasing independence, use with confidence.</li> <li>Demonstrate good techniques in a competitive situation</li> <li>Understands which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.</li> </ul>	• Cal ath • Cal • Cal for • Cal
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	Evaluation (How it could look)		
Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
To watch and describe performances accurately. Beginning to think about how they can improve their own work. Work with a partner or small group to improve their skills. Beginning to make suggestions on how to improve their work, commenting on similarities and differences.		Watches and describes perform Learn from others how they can Comment on tactics and techniques to I Make good suggestions on how to improv similarities and diffe	

n apply all previous learning to a range of different hletics event.

n compare and contrast. running styles

n suggest fitness exercises that can improve performance r a certain event.

n coach a peer improving their performance.

## Year 6

ormances accurately. an improve their skills. o help improve performances. ove their work, commenting on

fferences.